

◆ **Part A – 30 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)**

Q1. Who is known as the “Father of Human Geography”?

- a) Eratosthenes
- b) Carl Ritter
- c) Friedrich Ratzel
- d) Vidal de la Blache

Answer: b) Carl Ritter

Q2. Who introduced the concept of Environmental Determinism?

- a) Carl Ritter
- b) Griffith Taylor
- c) Friedrich Ratzel
- d) Vidal de la Blache

Answer: c) Friedrich Ratzel

Q3. Who gave the concept of Possibilism?

- a) Vidal de la Blache
- b) Huntington
- c) Immanuel Kant
- d) Alexander von Humboldt

Answer: a) Vidal de la Blache

Q4. The “Neo-determinism” concept was propounded by:

- a) Huntington
- b) Griffith Taylor
- c) Vidal de la Blache
- d) Ratzel

Answer: b) Griffith Taylor

Q5. The term “Geography” was first used by:

- a) Herodotus
- b) Eratosthenes
- c) Ptolemy
- d) Strabo

Answer: b) Eratosthenes

Q6. Which one of the following is NOT a branch of Human Geography?

- a) Economic Geography
- b) Social Geography
- c) Medical Geography
- d) Oceanography

Answer: d) Oceanography

Q7. Who defined Geography as “a synthetic science, to observe, generalize and explain earth as a whole”?

- a) Humboldt
- b) Ritter
- c) Ratzel

d) Kant

Answer: d) Kant

Q8. "Stop-and-go determinism" is associated with:

a) Huntington

b) Ratzel

c) Griffith Taylor

d) Blache

Answer: c) Griffith Taylor

Q9. Human Geography studies the relationship between:

a) Rocks and minerals

b) Environment and human beings

c) Rivers and deltas

d) Soil and climate

Answer: b) Environment and human beings

Q10. Which scholar is associated with "Possibilism"?

a) Blache

b) Ritter

c) Taylor

d) Ratzel

Answer: a) Blache

Q11. Human Geography is also called:

a) Anthropology

b) Economics

c) Social Science

d) Study of man-environment relationship

Answer: d) Study of man-environment relationship

Q12. Determinism emphasizes:

a) Human freedom

b) Environmental control

c) Possibilities

d) Development

Answer: b) Environmental control

Q13. Which approach explains "humans can modify nature but within limits"?

a) Determinism

b) Possibilism

c) Neo-determinism

d) Ecology

Answer: c) Neo-determinism

Q14. The word "Anthropogeography" was first used by:

a) Ratzel

b) Ritter

c) Kant

d) Humboldt

Answer: a) Ratzel

Q15. Who introduced the concept of “genre de vie”?

- a) Ratzel
- b) Blache
- c) Ritter
- d) Humboldt

Answer: b) Blache

Q16. “Human Geography is the study of changing relationship between untiring man and unstable earth” – who said this?

- a) Ellen Semple
- b) Huntington
- c) Vidal de la Blache
- d) Ratzel

Answer: c) Vidal de la Blache

Q17. “Man is a product of the earth’s surface” – who said this?

- a) Ratzel
- b) Blache
- c) Semple
- d) Kant

Answer: a) Ratzel

Q18. In which century did Human Geography emerge as a distinct discipline?

- a) 16th
- b) 17th
- c) 18th
- d) 19th

Answer: d) 19th

Q19. Who popularized environmental determinism in America?

- a) Huntington
- b) Taylor
- c) Ritter
- d) Blache

Answer: a) Huntington

Q20. “Human Geography is human ecology” – who gave this idea?

- a) Huntington
- b) Ratzel
- c) Vidal de la Blache
- d) Ritter

Answer: b) Ratzel

Q21. Who is called the “founder of modern geography”?

- a) Alexander von Humboldt
- b) Carl Ritter
- c) Kant
- d) Ratzel

Answer: a) Alexander von Humboldt

Q22. Which school of thought emphasized technology in shaping human–environment relations?

- a) Determinism
- b) Possibilism
- c) Neo-determinism
- d) Quantitative revolution

Answer: b) Possibilism

Q23. Which is the core subject matter of Human Geography?

- a) Population
- b) Human–environment relationship
- c) Settlement
- d) Trade

Answer: b) Human–environment relationship

Q24. Who among the following was not a determinist?

- a) Ratzel
- b) Semple
- c) Huntington
- d) Blache

Answer: d) Blache

Q25. Who is considered the father of “Possibilism”?

- a) Kant
- b) Blache
- c) Ratzel
- d) Taylor

Answer: b) Blache

Q26. Which one of the following disciplines is closely related to Human Geography?

- a) Zoology
- b) Sociology
- c) Chemistry
- d) Physics

Answer: b) Sociology

Q27. Neo-determinism is also known as:

- a) Stop-and-go determinism
- b) Environmental determinism
- c) Possibilism
- d) Human determinism

Answer: a) Stop-and-go determinism

Q28. Which of the following is NOT a concern of Human Geography?

- a) Population distribution
- b) Natural vegetation
- c) Cultural landscape
- d) Migration

Answer: b) Natural vegetation

Q29. Who gave the concept of “organic state”?

- a) Ratzel

- b) Blache
- c) Semple
- d) Taylor

Answer: a) Ratzel

Q30. The main focus of Human Geography is:

- a) Landforms
- b) Natural resources
- c) Human and environment relationship
- d) Earthquake study

Answer: c) Human and environment relationship

◆ **Part B – 10 Assertion–Reason Questions (ARQs)**

Q1. Assertion (A): Human Geography studies inter-relationship between humans and environment.

Reason (R): Human Geography ignores nature completely.

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true but R is false.
- d) A is false but R is true.

Answer: c) A is true but R is false.

Q2. Assertion (A): Possibilism emphasizes human role in modifying nature.

Reason (R): According to Possibilism, environment only provides opportunities, humans use them.

Answer: a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

Q3. Assertion (A): Neo-determinism is also called stop-and-go determinism.

Reason (R): It explains limits of human activities within nature's framework.

Answer: a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

Q4. Assertion (A): Environmental Determinism gives importance to human freedom.

Reason (R): Determinists believed humans could control nature.

Answer: d) A is false but R is true.

Q5. Assertion (A): Vidal de la Blache is associated with Possibilism.

Reason (R): He emphasized role of technology in human progress.

Answer: a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

Q6. Assertion (A): Eratosthenes first used the word "Geography".

Reason (R): He was a Roman scholar.

Answer: c) A is true but R is false.

Q7. Assertion (A): Ratzel is known as father of Human Geography.

Reason (R): He introduced the term "Anthropogeography".

Answer: b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

Q8. Assertion (A): Human Geography is a social science.

Reason (R): It studies human societies in relation with environment.

Answer: a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

Q9. Assertion (A): Huntington supported environmental determinism.

Reason (R): He related climate with human progress.

Answer: a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.

Q10. Assertion (A): Neo-determinism rejects both determinism and possibilism.

Reason (R): It supports uncontrolled human exploitation of environment.

Answer: c) A is true but R is false.

◆ **Part C – 5 Statement-Based Questions**

Q1. Consider the following statements:

1. Ratzel gave the concept of organic state.
2. Blache is associated with environmental determinism.
3. Huntington emphasized climate in human progress.

Choose the correct option:

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: c) 1 and 3 only

Q2. Which of the following statements are correct about Human Geography?

1. It studies only physical environment.
2. It studies human–nature interaction.
3. It is a social science.
4. It ignores cultural landscape.

Answer: 2 and 3 only

Q3. Identify the correct statements:

1. Possibilism emphasizes technology.
2. Determinism emphasizes human freedom.
3. Neo-determinism emphasizes balanced approach.

Answer: 1 and 3 only

Q4. Which of the following is true?

1. Eratosthenes coined the term Geography.
2. Kant described geography as a synthetic science.

3. Blache introduced genre de vie.

Answer: All three are correct (1, 2, 3).

Q5. Choose the incorrect statements:

1. Human Geography emerged in the 15th century.
2. Ratzel wrote Anthropogeography.
3. Huntington supported determinism.

Answer: Incorrect → Statement 1.
